Business as unusual: the global landscape and the role of ports



international association of ports and harbors

Ports Australia Biennial Conference – 31 August 2022 Antonis Michail, Technical Director IAPH / WPSP





Overview

- 1. IAPH
- 2. Risk and resilience
- 3. Data collaboration
- 4. Climate and Energy
- 5. Sustainable development
- 6. Conclusions and reflections







Founded in1955, IAPH is the global port alliance, representing today around 170 port regular members and 126 associate members linked to ports in 87 countries. Together, IAPH port members handle more than one third of global maritime traffic and more than 60% of container traffic.

IAPH has a consultative status and represents the interests of world ports at IMO and additional UN agencies such as such as the ILO, UNCITRAL, UNCTAD (UN Conference on Trade and Development), UNEP (UN Environment Program) and the UN Global Compact.

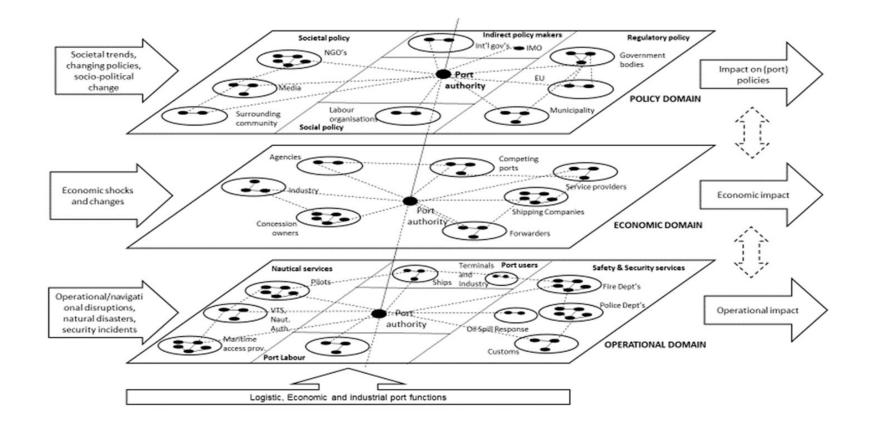
IAPH works closely with the World Bank, and World Customs Organization, the Global Maritime Forum, and World Economic Forum.

Three strategic focus areas: Risk and Resilience, Data Collaboration, Climate and Energy





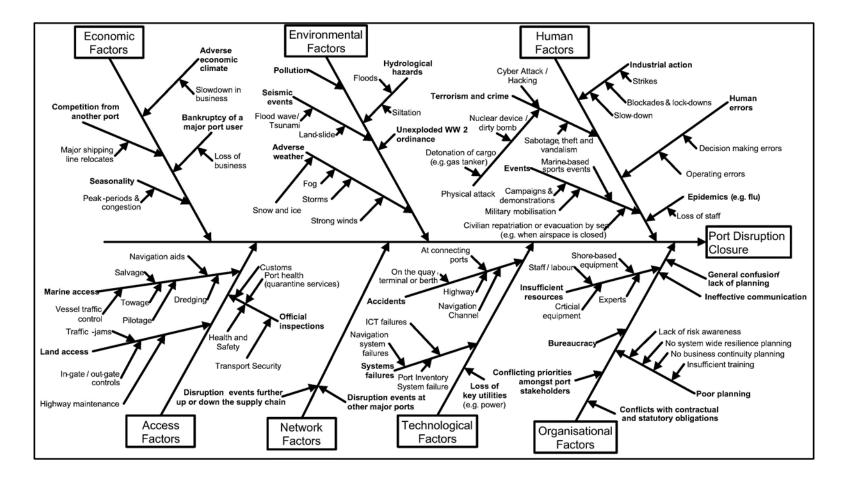
Port ecosystem in relation to adversities



Source: Vanlaer 2021



Causes of port disruption



Source: Vanlaer 2021



Increasing resilience potential

Monitor	 Understanding what is going on around us The situational awareness Short term
Anticipate	 Understanding what is going to come Imagining the possibilities Long term
Learn	 Learning from inside and outside First order learning Second order learning
Respond	Relevant and effectiveTimely but only when necessaryCompetencies and resources

Source: Vanlaer 2021



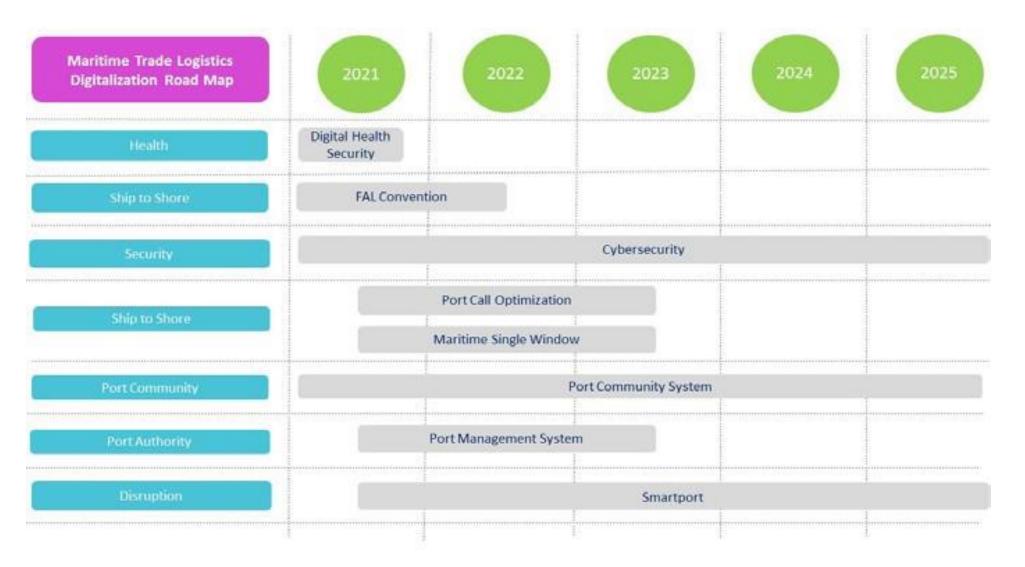


How would you describe the status of implementing electronic data exchange at your port(s) following the IMO FAL requirement?

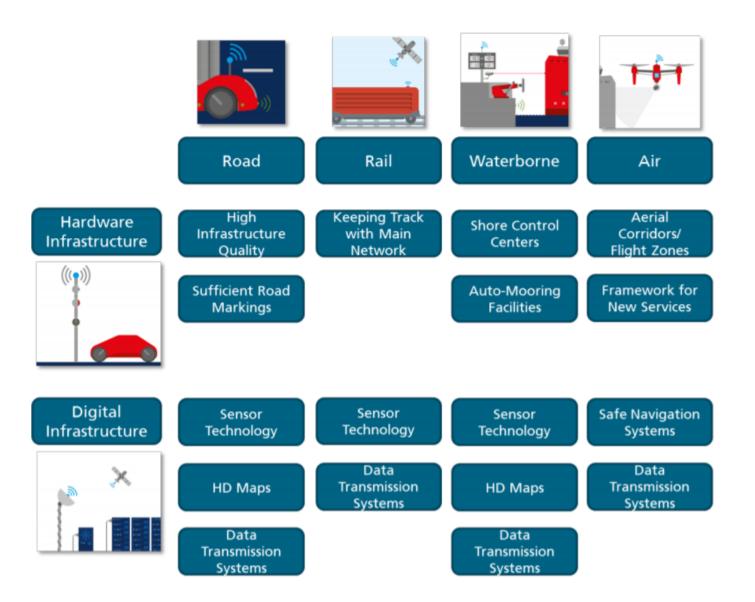
Answer choices	Responses %		Responses actual
No action yet / inception stage		31.53%	35
Design stage	17.12%		19
Implementation stage	17.12%		19
Operational stage		34.23%	38
TOTAL			111

Source: IAPH 2021









Source: Frauenhofer / Hamburg Port Authority / IAPH 2019

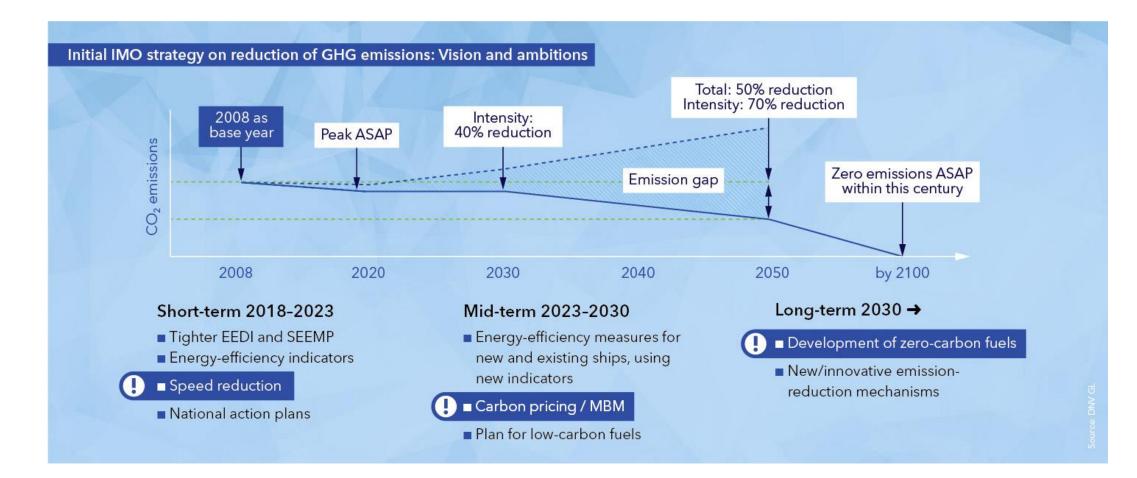


Ports as decarbonisation hubs



Source: DNV-GL and Eurelectric (2020)

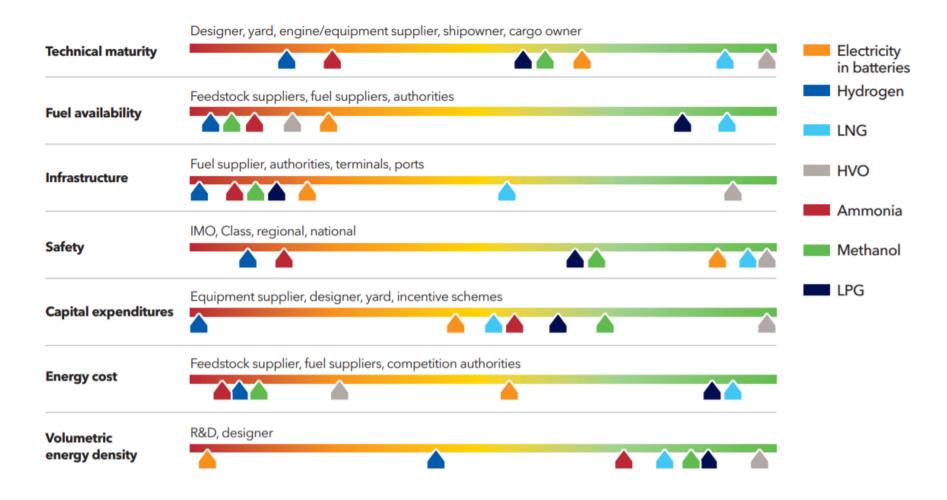




Source: DNV GL 2020



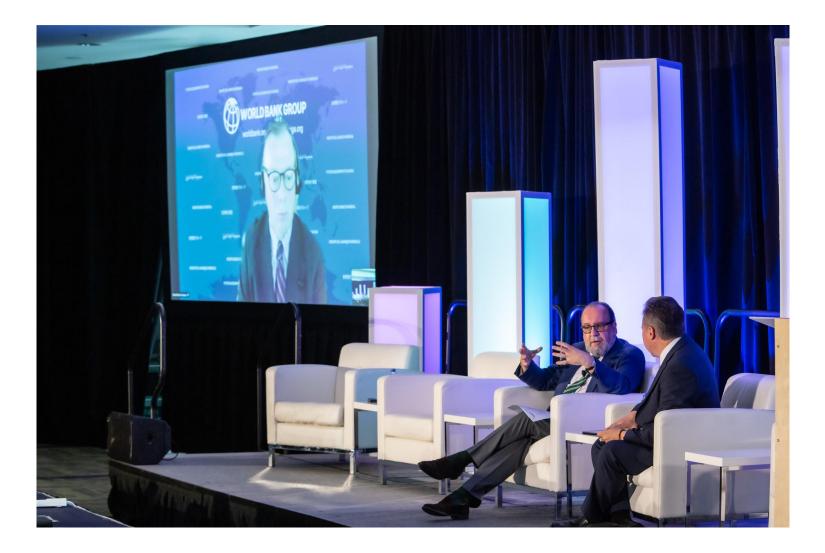
Indicative status of key barriers for selected alternative fuels in 2020





Source: DNV-GL (2020)

'Closing The Gaps' – World Ports Conference 2022





World Ports Sustainability Program







www.sustainableworldports.org

Mission : To integrate the 17 UN SDGs in port governance





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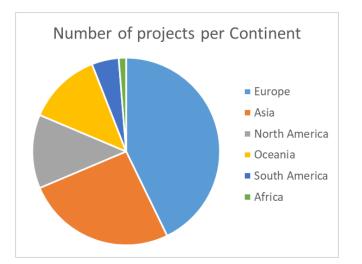
WPSP Database of sustainability projects



✓ 240 projects

✓ 110 ports

✓ 47 countries





sustainableworldports.org/portfolio/type/port-projects/



IAPH Sustainability Awards – 2022 winners







WPSP SUSTAINABILITY AWARDS FINALISTS		
CLIMATE & ENERGY		
 Fiji Ports - Green Port Initiative Port of Colombo - GHG Emission Reduction Project DP World Posorja - Mangrove Reforestation Project 	 Collaborative project - MAREMIS Port of Antwerp - Automated drones to prevent pollution Collaborative project - PASSport 	
	HEALTH SAFETY & SECURITY	
 Port of Seattle - Ocean Acidification Action Plan Port of Tacoma - Lower Wapato Creek Habitat Project Hamburg Port Authority - SeaClear Project 	 Port of Montreal - CargO2ai Port of Amsterdam - Multi fuel Port / Spatial Safety Northport (Malaysia) Bhd - Journey towards HSE excellence 	
 Port of Rotterdam - Flood Risk Management Programme Port of Vigo - Living Ports Vancouver Fraser Port Authority - Maplewood Marine Restoration Project 	 Solomon Islands Ports Authority - Renewable Energy for a Sustainable Community Freeport of Riga Authority - Ghetto Games street sports and culture movement Johor Port Authority - Community Empowerment through Science and Research 	



Port Endeavor: a port journey to SDGs

- Knowledge base concept was created at a joint UNCTAD-IAPH workshop in Geneva HQ in April 2019
- Blueprint of ports' contribution to each of the 17 SDGs
- Development game dynamics and content by IAPH and experts from Port of Antwerp Bruges
- Real life examples from the WPSP database of 240+ projects and best practices from 110 ports from 38 countries
- Offered in partnership with: APEC Antwerp & Flanders Port Training Centre and UNCTAD TrainForTrade

https://sustainableworldports.org/iaph-launches-port-endeavor-game-to-share-port-projects-applying-un-sustainable-development-goals-in-practice/

PORT ENDEAVOR









Conclusions and reflections

- Disruption is becoming 'business as usual'. Resilience management and business continuity planning are a must for critical infrastructures such as ports.
- Digitalisation of the maritime sector is lagging behind, lack of trust between stakeholders in data sharing is the prime barrier to overcome.
- Decarbonisation ambitions are increasing, leading to regional disparities amidst uncertainty about fuel choice and funding. Ensuring a just and equitable transition is key to unlock the discussion at IMO.
- Energy transition offers multiple opportunities for ports, certainly for those that are in energy trade.
- IAPH is targeting an integrated approach to sustainability through WPSP and its ongoing initiatives Join us in this effort!

- Will globalisation make (some) way for regionalisation? How will this affect supply chains?
- Is the economies-of-scale business model of global shipping and logistics still valid?
- Has the landlord port governance model reached its expiration date? Should port authorities become more entrepreneurial?
- Has the single-port governance model reached its limits? Will we see more far-reaching forms of cooperation?
- Are port labour arrangements adapted to the digital and automated era?
- Is there a need for global regulation of the port sector?





Thank you!

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